

# U3D2 Practice KEY

Monday, February 1, 2021

10:28 AM



U3D2  
Practice

## Unit 3 Day 2 Practice

### Solving Exponential Equations Without Logarithms

13)  $4^{-2x} \cdot 4^x = 64$

$$4^{-2x+x} = 64$$

$$4^{-x} = 64$$

$$4^{-x} = 4^3$$

$$\frac{-x}{-1} = \frac{3}{-1} \quad \boxed{x = -3}$$

15)  $2^x \cdot \frac{1}{32} = 32$

$$2^x \cdot \frac{1}{2^5} = 2^5$$

$$2^x \cdot 2^{-5} = 2^5$$

$$2^{x-5} = 2^5$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x-5=5 \\ +5 \quad +5 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \boxed{x=10}$$

17)  $64 \cdot 16^{-3x} = 16^{3x-2}$

$$4^3 \cdot (4^2)^{-3x} = (4^2)^{3x-2}$$

$$4^{3+2(-3x)} = 4^{2(3x-2)}$$

$$3-6x = 2(3x-2)$$

$$3-6x = 6x-4$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3-6x = 6x-4 \\ +6x \quad +6x \\ \hline 3 = 12x-4 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 7 = 12x \\ \frac{7}{12} = \frac{12x}{12} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \boxed{\frac{7}{12} = x}$$

19)  $81 \cdot 9^{-2b-2} = 27$

$$(3^4)(3^2)^{-2b-2} = (3^3)$$

$$4+2(-2b-2) = 3$$

$$4-4b-4 = 3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -4b = 3 \\ \frac{-4b}{-4} = \frac{3}{-4} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \boxed{b = -3/4}$$

14)  $6^{-2x} \cdot 6^{-x} = \frac{1}{216}$

$$6^{-2x-x} = \frac{1}{216}$$

$$6^{-3x} = \frac{1}{6^3}$$

$$6^{-3x} = 6^{-3}$$

$$\frac{-3x}{-3} = \frac{-3}{-3}$$

16)  $2^{-3p} \cdot 2^{2p} = 2^{2p}$

$$2^{-3p+2p} = 2^{2p}$$

$$2^{-p} = 2^{2p}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -p = 2p \\ +p \quad +p \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 0 = 3p \\ \frac{0}{3} = \frac{3p}{3} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \boxed{p=0}$$

18)  $\frac{81^{3n+2}}{243^{-n}} = 3^4$

$$81^{3n+2} \cdot 243^n = 3^4$$

$$(3^4)^{3n+2} (3^5)^n = 3^4$$

$$4(3n+2) + 5n = 4$$

$$12n+8+5n = 4$$

$$17n+8 = 4$$

20)  $9^{-3x} \cdot 9^x = 27$

$$(3^2)^{-3x} (3^2)^x = 3^3$$

$$-6x+2x = 3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -4x = 3 \\ \frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{3}{-4} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \boxed{x = -3/4}$$

