## See ANSWERS below on page 2.

For each quadratic equation, identify the $x$-intercept, $y$-intercept, axis of symmetry, vertex, and sketch a graph of the parabola.

1. $f(x)=x^{2}-6 x+8$
2. $f(x)=2 x^{2}-8 x-10$
3. $f(x)=x^{2}-4 x-12$
4. $f(x)=x^{2}+6 x$
5. $f(x)=-x^{2}+2 x-2$
6. $f(x)=-4 x^{2}+8 x-3$


Write the equation of the parabola in standard form given the following conditions.
7. Passes through the points $(-1,0)(3,0)$ and $(0,-3)$.
8. Passes through the points $(-4,0)(-2,0)$ and $(-6,8)$.
9. Has $x$-intercepts of -2 and 2 and passes through the point $(0,3)$.

## Answers:

1. 

| x -intercept: $(4,0)(2,0)$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| y -intercept: $(0,8)$ |  |  |
| Axis of symmetry: $\mathrm{x}=3$ |  |  |
| Vertex: $(3,-1)$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |

2. 

| x -intercept: $(-1,0)(5,0)$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| y-intercept: $(0,-10)$ |  |  |
| Axis of symmetry: $\mathrm{x}=2$ |  |  |
| Vertex: $(2,-18)$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |

3. 

| x-intercept: $(6,0)(-2,0)$ |
| :--- |
| $y$-intercept: $(0,-12)$ |
| Axis of symmetry: $x=2$ |
| Vertex: $(2,-16)$ |


4.

| x-intercept: $(0,0)(-6,0)$ |
| :--- |
| $y$-intercept: $(0,0)$ |
| Axis of symmetry: $x=-3$ |
| Vertex: $(-3,-9)$ |

5. 

| x -intercept: none |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| y -intercept: $(0,-2)$ |  |
| Axis of symmetry: $\mathrm{x}=1$ |  |
| Vertex: $(1,-1)$ |  |
|  |  |

6. 

x-intercept: $(1 / 2,0)(3 / 2,0)$
y-intercept: $(0,-3)$
Axis of symmetry: $x=1$
Vertex: $(1,1)$


$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\begin{array}{ll}
7 . y=x^{2}-2 x-3 & x-i n+s \\
y=a(x+1)(x-3) & (310), p+(0,-3) \\
-3=a(0+1)(0-3) & y=(x+1)(x-3) \\
\frac{-3}{-3}=-\frac{8 a}{-3} \quad a=1 & y=x^{2}-3 x+x-3 \\
8 . y=x^{2}+6 x+8 & \left.y=x^{2}-2 x-3\right] \\
x-i n+(-4,0)(-2,0) & p+:(-6,8) \\
y=a(x+4)(x+2) & y=(x+4)(x+2) \\
8=a(-6+4)(-6+2) & y=x^{2}+2 x+4 x+8 \\
\frac{8}{8}=\frac{8 a}{8} \quad a=1 & y=x^{2}+6 x+8 \\
9 . y=-3 / 4 x^{2}+3 & y \\
x-3+-2,2 & p+(0,3) \\
y=a(x+2)(x-2) & y=-\frac{3}{4}(x+2)(x-2) \\
3=a(0+2)(0-2) & y=-\frac{3}{4}\left(x^{2}-2 x+2 x-4\right) \\
\frac{3}{-4}=-\frac{49}{-4} & y=-\frac{3}{4}\left(x^{2}-4\right) \\
& y=-\frac{3}{4} x^{2}+3
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

